- (4) The log books required by $\S40.59(c)$.
- (b) Each employer or its agent shall maintain for five years records pertaining to the calibration of each EBT used in alcohol testing under this part, including records of the results of external calibration checks.
- (c) Records required to be maintained by this section shall be disclosed on the same basis as provided in § 40.81.

Subpart D—Non-Evidential Alcohol Screening Devices

SOURCE: 60 FR 19679, Apr. 20, 1995, unless otherwise noted.

§ 40.91 Authorization for use of non-evidential alcohol screening devices.

Non-evidential alcohol screening tests, performed using screening devices included by the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration on its conforming products list for non-evidential screening devices, may be used in lieu of EBTs to perform screening tests required by operating administrations' alcohol testing regulations. Non-evidential screening devices may not be used for confirmation alcohol tests, which must be conducted using EBTs as provided in subpart C of this part.

§ 40.93 The screening test technician.

- (a) Anyone meeting the requirements of this part to be a BAT may act as a screening test technician (STT), provided that the individual has demonstrated proficiency in the operation of the non-evidential screening device he or she is using.
- (b) Any other individual may act as an STT if he or she successfully completes a course of instruction concerning the procedures required by this part for conducting alcohol screening tests. Only the Department of Transportation model course, or a course of instruction determined by the Department of Transportation's Office of Drug Enforcement and Program Compliance to be equivalent to it, may be used for this purpose.
- (c) With respect to any non-evidential screening device involving changes, contrasts, or other readings that are indicated on the device in terms of color, STTs shall, in order to

be regarded as proficient, be able to discern correctly these changes, contrasts or readings.

- (d) The STT shall receive additional training, as needed, to ensure proficiency, concerning new or additional devices or changes in technology that he or she will use.
- (e) The employer or its agent shall document the training and proficiency of each STT it uses to test employees and maintain the documentation as provided in §40.83.
- (f) The provisions of \$40.51(b) and (c); \$40.57; \$40.59; \$40.61; \$40.63 (e)(1)–(2), (f), (g), and (h); \$40.69; and \$40.81; and other provisions, as applicable, of this part apply to STTs as well as to BATs.

§ 40.95 Quality assurance plans for non-evidential screening devices.

- (a) In order to be used for alcohol screening tests subject to this part, a non-evidential screening device shall have an approved quality assurance plan (QAP) developed by the manufacturer and approved by the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA).
- (1) The plan shall designate the method or methods to be used to perform quality control checks; the temperatures at which the non-evidential screening device shall be stored and used, as well as other environmental conditions (e.g., altitude, humidity) that may affect the performance of the device; and, where relevant, the shelf life of the device.
- (2) The QAP shall prohibit the use of any device that does not pass the specified quality control checks or that has passed its expiration date.
- (b) The manufacturers' instructions on or included in the package for each saliva testing device shall include directions on the proper use of the device, the time frame within which the device must be read and the manner in which the reading is made.
- (c) The employer and its agents shall comply with the QAP and manufacturer's instructions for each non-evidential screening device it uses for alcohol screening tests subject to this Part.